

SAFETY DATA SHEET IPA-BASED FLUX REMOVER - ISOCLEAN - EU. AEROSOL

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name IPA-BASED FLUX REMOVER - ISOCLEAN - EU, AEROSOL

Product number MCC-BAC127

Synonyms; trade names "BAC - ISOCLEAN, DEFLUXER"

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Cleaning agent.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier MICROCARE EUROPE BVBA

VEKESTRAAT 29 B11
INDUSTRIEZONE 'T SAS
1910 KAMPENHOUT, Belgium

+32.2.251.95.05 +32.2.400.96.39

EuroSales@MicroCare.com

Manufacturer MICROCARE U.K. LTD

SEVEN HILLS BUSINESS CENTRE

SOUTH STREET, MORLEY

LEEDS, WEST YORKSHIRE, UK LS27 8AT

Tel: +44 (0) 113 3609019 mcceurope@microcare.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone INFOTRAC +44 330 027 0156 (UK)

1-352-323-3500 (from anywhere in the world)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Human health See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

Environmental The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone

creation potential.

Physicochemical The product is highly flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Aerosol

containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

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2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request. information RCH001a For use in industrial installations only.

Contains PROPAN-2-OL

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

PROPAN-2-OL 60-100%

CAS number: 67-63-0 EC number: 200-661-7 REACH registration number: 01-

2119457558-25-0000

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

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PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS

10-30%

Classification
Not Classified

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Ingredient notes CAS 68476-85-7 Petroleum gases - as the substance contains less than 0.1% w/w 1,3

butadiene, the full harmonised classification regarding Muta. 1B H340 and Carc. 1A H350

does not apply.

Composition

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained

personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep affected person warm

and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not

enter the lungs. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if

irritation persists after washing.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and

intoxication.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness.

Pain. Irritation and redness, followed by blurred vision.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor
No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray,

fog or mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of

containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours. Oxides of carbon.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire

exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates

> eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. For personal protection, see

Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots,

clothing or apron, as appropriate. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into

containers.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

> Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic and corrosive gases or vapours. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination

is above an acceptable level. Keep out of the reach of children.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Keep

containers upright.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) Cleaning agent.

Reference to other sections. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

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8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Eye/face protection Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates

eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is

required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if

a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Viton rubber (fluoro rubber).

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures Do not smoke in work area. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking

and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using

do not eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection
No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne

contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Characteristic. Alcoholic.

Odour threshold Not determined.

pH No information available.

Melting point Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and range 82 - 83°C/173 - 174°F @ 101.3 kPa

Flash point 12°C / 54°F Method: Tag closed cup.

Evaporation rate No information available.

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Evaporation factor No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Upper flammable/explosive limit: 12.0 %(V) Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2.0 %(V)

Other flammability No information available.

Vapour pressure 41 hPa @ 20°C

Vapour density 1.82

Relative density No information available.

Bulk density 0.785 g/cm3

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature 425°C/797°F

Decomposition Temperature No information available. **Viscosity** 2.43 mPa s @ 20°C/70°F

Explosive propertiesThe product is flammable. Heating may generate flammable vapours.

Comments Aerosol.

Global Warming Potential

(GWP)

Surface tension

9.2. Other information

Refractive index No information available.

Particle size No information available.

Molecular weight Not applicable.

Volatility 100%

Saturation concentration No information available.

Critical temperature No information available.

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 785 g/litre.

Heat of vaporization (at boiling

point), cal/g (Btu/lb)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Will not polymerise.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

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Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

General information No specific health hazards known.

Inhalation May cause respiratory system irritation. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and

nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause skin irritation/eczema.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Carcinogenicity

IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

NTP carcinogenicity Not listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone

creation potential.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 9,640 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 5102 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

IC₅₀, 72 hours: >2,000 mg/l, Algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

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Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Partition coefficient : 0.05

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Reuse or recycle products wherever possible.

Disposal methods Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion.

Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal

site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (IMDG) 1950 **UN No. (ICAO)** 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (IMDG) UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (ICAO) UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (ADN) LIMITED QUANTITY

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

IMDG class 2.1
ICAO class/division 2.1
ICAO subsidiary risk N/A

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

IMDG packing group N/A
ICAO packing group N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

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Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

Emergency Action Code N/A

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. No information required.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

Japan - ENCS

PROPAN-2-OL

Yes

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 01/06/2021

Revision 44

Supersedes date 16/02/2021

SDS number AEROSOL - BAC127

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.